

Wydział Prawa i Administracji US
Lista przedmiotów dla studentów Erasmusa, rok akademicki 2017/2018

Faculty of Law and Administration, University of Szczecin
The list of courses in English, Academic Year 2017/2018

Wykładowca/ Lecturer	Przedmiot /Course	Semestr/ Semester 1	Code	Język/ Language	ECTS Credits	Opis/Description
Lecture/Wykład: prof. dr hab. Łukasz Pohl Exercise/Ćwiczenia: wg przydziału Coordinator/Koordinator: dr Michał Peno	Basics of Forensic Setting and Collecting Evidence	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKB4	English	5	Course Content Basic survey of the: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The concept, sources and model of criminal proceedings 2. Principles of criminal proceedings 3. Participants in legal proceedings 4. Evidence 5. Arrest and Preventive measures 6. Preparatory proceedings 7. Proceedings before the court of first instance 8. Appellate proceedings 9. International cooperation 10. International Criminal Court
	Archeology of Law – Sources and Types of Criminal Penalties	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKB3	English	5	Course Content Basic survey of the: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The sources of criminal penalties. 2. The types of criminal penalties. 3. Forms of execution a penalty. 4. Opprobrium punishment. 5. Corporal punishment. 6. Torture. 7. Death penalty. 8. Reasons penalties in different terms. 9. Headsman.
	Penal Proceedings Compared with Procedural Reform on the European	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKB4	English	5	Course Content Basic survey of the: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The concept, sources and model of criminal proceedings

	Continent					<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Principles of criminal proceedings 3. Participants in legal proceedings 4. Evidence 5. Arrest and Preventive measures 6. Preparatory proceedings 7. Proceedings before the court of first instance 8. Appellate proceedings 9. International cooperation 10. International Criminal Court
	Polish Criminal Law in the European Criminal Culture	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKB1	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <p>Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The sources of penal law, appliace of the Polish penal law with regard to time, place and persons. 2. The concept and structure of an offence. 3. Forms of committing an offence. 4. Exclusion of criminal liability, concurrence of legal rules and offences. 5. Penalties, statutory sentences and the judges' margin of appreciation, alteration of legally valid sentences. 6. Penal measures. 7. Probation measures. 8. Offences described in selected parts of the penal code. 9. Penal provisions outside the penal code, the military part of the penal code.
<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr Ewelina Cała- Wacinkiewicz</p> <p>Exercise/Ćwiczenia: mgr Ewa Szubert</p>	Public International Law	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKM1	English	5	<p><u>Course content:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The nature and development of international law, 2. Sources of public international law (Custom and it's characteristic, Treaties, General principles of law , judicial decisions, Writers, Other possible sources of international law, The International Law

Coordinator: dr Michal Peno						<p>Commission, Hierarchy of sources and jus cogens),</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The subjects of international law (Legal personality, States, International organizations, Sui Generis Subjects, Individuals), 4. The international protection of human rights, 5. The regional (mainly European) protection of human rights, 6. Individual criminal responsibility in international law, 7. Immunities from jurisdiction and state's sovereign immunity (Sovereign and non-sovereign acts, the absolute immunity approach, the restrictive approach), 8. State responsibility, 9. The law of treaties (making, consent, entry into force, amendments, reservations, interpretation, validity, termination), 10. The International Court of Justice (jurisdiction, role, nature, functioning)
	Diplomatic and Consular Law	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKM2	English	5	<p><u>Course content:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, 1961 2. The inviolability of the premises of the mission 3. The diplomatic bag 4. The Jurisdictional Immunity of the State (including Cudak v. Lithuania case) 5. Diplomatic immunities – property 6. Diplomatic immunities – personal 7. Consular privileges and immunities: the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, 1963 8. Basics of the Diplomatic Protection (conditions of diplomatic protection, Nottebohm case, Flegenheimer case, A. F. Breard case, LaGrand case, Avena Case)
	International Organizations	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKM3	English	5	<p><u>Course content:</u></p> <p>Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. International organizations as participants in international relations and subjects of international law - definition, types and divisions. Subjectivity international organizations. ICJ Advisory Opinion of 1949. 2. Organization of the United Nations - as an organization common. Genesis of the United Nations. The United Nations in the field of the maintenance of international peace and security. The United Nations

						<p>system. Structure of ONZ.</p> <p>3. The Council of Europe - as an regional organization. Genesis of The Council of Europe. The Council of Europe activity in such areas as protection of human rights, health, sports, culture, archaeological heritage, the film co-production, etc. Institutional Structure The Council of Europe. European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms of 1950 and protection of human rights.</p> <p>4. The North Atlantic Treaty Organization - NATO as an military organization. Genesis. NATO structure (political and military). NATO activity (peacekeeping operations, peacekeeping).</p> <p>5. The European Union as an organization of an integration. The institutional structure of the EU. A primary law EU secondary legislation. EU Treaty of Lisbon. EU activities.</p> <p>6. Other international organizations: the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe, the Union Western, International Labour Organization, OSCE, UNESCO, UNICEF, the African Union, the Organization of American</p>
	International Judiciary	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKM4	English	5	<p><u>Course content:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Facultative courts as a specific of the public international law. 2. Facultative or obligatory jurisdiction? 3. International Court of Justice (history, members and ad hoc judges, functioning, competences, chosen judgments), 4. European Court of Human Rights ((history, members and ad hoc judges, functioning, competences, chosen judgments), 5. Court of Justice of the European Union (history, members, functioning, competences, chosen judgments), 6. The role of the international judiciary in public international law – analyze.
<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr hab. Krystyna Nizioł, prof. US</p> <p>Exercise/Ćwiczenia: wg przydziału</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	Economic Freedom	2	EIKZ5	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <p>Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Economic Freedom in the Polish Constitution. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Economic Activity. 2. Prohibited restrictions. 3. Exceptions.

						<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Registration of the economic activity. 2. Legal consequences. 3. Ethical aspects of economic freedom. 4. Relation to the European norms. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. General prohibition of discrimination. 2. General freedom of movement. 3. General freedom of goods. 4. Agriculture and fisheries. 5. Freedom of movements for workers. 6. Free movement of services. 7. Free movement of capital.
	Competition Law	2	EIKZ2	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Objectives of competition policy. 2. Legal definition and meaning of competition. 3. Sources of competition law. 4. The scope of competition law's application: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. subjective scope - definition of undertaking, 2. substantive scope – prohibited or supervised business practices, 3. territorial scope – principle of extraterritoriality. 5. The concept of relevant market. 6. The prohibition of anti-competitive agreements. 7. The prohibition of the abuse of a dominant position. 8. Merger control. 9. Application of competition law. 10. The relationship between EU competition law and national competition laws. 11. The institutional structure of UE and Polish competition law.
	European Economic Law	2	EIKZ1	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <p>Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Characteristics of the internal market economic freedoms and permissible restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. free movement of goods 2. free movements of employed persons (and legal situation of their families)

						<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. right of establishment 4. free movement of services 5. free movement of capital (and current payments) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. European regulations enabling creation and running the crossing-boarder economic activities. 3. Adjusting of the singular legal systems in the scope of economic regulations (chosen Directives). 4. IV. European rules of competition: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. prohibition of agreements restricting competition 2. prohibition of excessive concentration 3. abuse of dominance prohibition 4. prohibition of anti-competitive state aid 5. state trade monopolies 5. Safety and Health protection of consumers along with their information rights.
<p>Wykład: dr Magdalena Michalak</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	Sociology of Law	1	EIKA1	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Theoretical foundations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Course introduction -What is the relationship between custom and law? -What is the relationship between law and society? 2.Law and society – law as a social instrument <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -John Austin - Theory of legal positivism (reading, analyse, conclusions) -H. L. A. Hart - The Concept of Law -Roland Dworkin - Taking Rights Seriously 3.Law in action <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Montesquieu, The Spirit of the Laws -Max Weber theory -Law in action - In-class video: The Road to Brown 4.Legal Change <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -What is the relationship between social change and legal change? -What is the relationship between morality and law? -What is the relationship between morality change and legal change? -What is the relationship between global law and legal regimes? -How does law operate beyond the state in the context of globalisation and global society?
	Comparative Public Law	1	EIKA2	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction to the course

						<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Families of law. What is public law, how does it differ from private law and other categories? 3. What is comparative law, particularly as applied to public law? 4. Public law or public laws? 5. Federalism and quasi-federalism: the EU, the USA, Germany and/or Switzerland 6. The concept of a Constitution in different legal orders 7. Constitution in Common Law 8. Public law in the context of globalization 9. Constitutions and the international community 10. Courts: protecting public interests through litigation. Locus standi and the nature of the judicial power. Case study 11. Protecting constitutional rights : types of rights, and the sources and forms of protection of constitutional rights. Codification, implication, and status of rights. The EU Charter and its national inspirations 12. The roles of national and supra-national courts 13. What is comparative public law for?
	Administrative Law I	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKA3	English/French	5	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o The nature and development of administration in general o Interdisciplinary foundations of administrative law o European Union influence on Polish administration 2. Sources of administrative law 3. General principles of administrative law 4. Administrative functions and tasks 5. Administrative bodies – theory and practice 6. Administrative acts 7. The present and future condition of Polish and European administrative law
	Administrative Law II	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKA3	English/ French	5	<p>Course Content</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Introduction to general theory of administrative law - Administrative bodies in EU and in national systems <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Discretionary powers of administration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Notion, history and means of execution o Abuse of discretionary powers

						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Review of discretionary powers, including judicial review of discretionary powers 2. Supervision of administrative action <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Administrative supervision of administrative action ○ Political supervision of administrative action ○ Judicial supervision of administrative action 3. Right to good administration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Principle of good administration ○ EU charter – art. 11, rights included in the right to good administration ○ Judicial protection – ECJ jurisprudence 4. The present and future condition of Polish and European administrative law
<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr hab. Krystyna Nizioł, prof. US</p> <p>Exercise/Ćwiczenia: wg przydziału</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	Private International Law	1	EIKZ3	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <p>Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The general rules connected to private law relationships connected with more than one State and the choice of applicable law. 2. The regulations connected to natural person (inter alia incapacitation, declaration of death, the name of the natural person, the rights of personality of a natural person). 3. The regulation connected to obligations, ownership and other property rights. 4. The regulation connected to marriage related matters and relationships between the parents and the child, adoption, guardianship and care. <p>The regulations connected to inheritance matters.</p>
<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr hab. Krystyna Nizioł, prof. US</p> <p>Exercise/Ćwiczenia: wg przydziału</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	Financial Law	1 lub 2 1 or 2	EIKZ4	English	5	<p>Course Content</p> <p>Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Financial Law The nature and function of public finance, budget, institutions of general government sector, public debt management. 2. International Financial Law; The nature and function of banking, securities, and financial markets; European and international legal regulation of financial markets; the role of international financial organizations.

<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr hab. Krystyna Nizioł, prof. US Exercise/Ćwiczenia: wg przydziału</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	<p>European Commercial Law</p>	<p>1 lub 2 1 or 2</p>	<p>EIKZ5</p>	<p>English</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>Course Content Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. International Trade Law – basic regulations The law governing international contracts for the supply of goods, including the issues of transport, insurance, finance, arbitration, conflicts of laws, and international harmonization of laws. 2. International Economic Law- basic regulations 3. Characteristics of the internal market economic freedoms and permissible restrictions and European rules of competition. 4. International Intellectual Property Law The basic principles of the law of intellectual property. 5. International Financial Law The nature and function of banking, securities, and financial markets; European and international legal regulation of financial markets; the role of international financial organizations. 6. The internal market
<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr Michał Peno</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	<p>Philosophy of Law - Introduction</p>	<p>2</p>	<p>EIKF1</p>	<p>English</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>Course Content Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is law? 2. Legal positivism and Hart's Concept of Law 3. The so called non-positivists conception of law and Dworkin's "Law as Integrity" 4. Fuller's "Inner Morality of Law" (the natural theory of law) Legal realism 5. Punishment, justice, civil disobedience

<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr hab. Ewa Gajda, prof. US</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	<p>Eastern Catholic Church Law (Diritto canonico orientale)</p>	<p>2</p>	<p>EPRH1</p>	<p>English/ Italian</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>Course Content Basic survey of the: Lining the basic institutions of canon law at the example of law of the Latin and Eastern Catholic law. Comparison of some institutions of Polish law with their counterparts in canon law (in terms of the issue concordat). Demonstrate the diversity and richness of regulations in respect of a particular problem. Underline the weight of evidence is taught issues in relation to the Polish law. An attempt to determine the relationship between, in terms of basic issues of canon law, between the law and the Roman Catholic and Eastern Catholic law. Lining the basic institutions of canon law, as the Latin Church, as the Eastern Catholic Churches. The comparative trial comparison, canon law i.e. regulation Latin and Eastern Catholic and to demonstrate similarities and differences in both systems. The concept and sources of canon law. Canon law and ecclesiastical law. General standards. The hierarchy of authority in the Catholic Church and the powers of individual authorities. Basic issues of law sacrament with particular emphasis on marital law. Elements of administrative law and litigation. Elements of ecclesiastical jurisprudence. Demonstration of wealth regulations in relation to the presented legal problems. Underline the weight of evidence is taught issues of substantive law and formal law.</p>
<p>Wykład/Lecture: dr hab. Krystyna Nizioł, prof. US</p> <p>Coordinator: dr Michał Peno</p>	<p>European Union Law – Introduction</p>	<p>1</p>	<p>EKIZ6</p>	<p>English</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>Course Content Basic survey of the:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The structure and legal system of the European Union. 2. The political institutions of the European Union (European Council, of Ministers, Commission and European Parliament) in the EU's process, and the issues this raises for the democratic 4. European Union; forms of EU legislation. 5. The organizing principles of the legal order: primacy and direct 6. attribution of powers, subsidiarity, proportionality; general principles 7. Proceedings before the Court of Justice. 8. The internal market.

Wykład/Lecture: dr Michał Peno Coordinator: dr Michał Peno	Introduction to Ethics	2	EIKF2	English	5	The course aims to: 1. introduce philosophical thinking about moral phenomena; 2. present and clarify the basic terminology employed in exploring questions of morality; 3. discuss some of the difficult issues raised in applied ethics; 4. introduce to the problem of the morality of law.
Wykład/Lecture: dr Aleksandra Klich, Exercise/Ćwiczenia: mgr Karolina Ziemianin, mgr Michał Wojdała Coordinator: dr Michał Peno	Civil Procedure. Introduction	2	EIKC4	English	5	Course Content Basic survey of the: 1. History and development of the civil law procedure 2. Relation of civil procedure to the other methods of the dispute resolution 3. Persons of civil process 4. Legal state of the civil court 5. Subject of civil law proceedings 6. Civil proceedings in practice 7. Legal state of judgment in civil cases
Wykład/Lecture: dr Aleksandra Klich, Exercise/Ćwiczenia: mgr Karolina Ziemianin, mgr Michał Wojdała Coordinator: dr Michał Peno	Civil Mediator and Commercial Arbitration	2	EIKC5	English	5	Course Content Basic survey of the: 1. History and development of the civil mediation and commercial arbitration as method of the alternative dispute resolution 2. Relation to the other methods of the dispute resolution 3. Persons of mediation and arbitration 4. Legal state of the mediator and arbitrator 5. Subject of civil mediation and commercial arbitration 6. Mediation proceeding in practice and arbitration in practice 7. Legal state of settlement in civil cases
Wykład/Lecture: dr Aleksandra Klich, Exercise/Ćwiczenia: mgr Karolina Ziemianin, mgr Michał Wojdała Coordinator: dr Michał Peno	Informatization of Civil Proceedings	semestr 1 lub/or 2	EIKC6	English	5	Course Content: 1. Sources of law relevant for the informatization of the civil procedure 2. IT in civil proceedings 3. Particular IT tools used in civil proceedings in Poland 4. Informatization in different European countries
Wykład/Lecture: dr Aleksandra Klich, Exercise/Ćwiczenia:	Patients' and Consumers' Claims in Civil Proceedings	semestr 1 lub/or 2	EIKC7	English	5	Course Content: 1. Sources of patients' and consumers' rights 2. Entitlements of patients and consumers 3. Authorities to protect the rights of patients and consumers

mgr Karolina Ziemianin, mgr Michał Wojdała						4. Litigation on the protection of patients' and consumers' rights 5. Alternative dispute resolution in cases of patients and consumers
Coordinator: dr Michał Peno						