

Wypełnia Zespół Kierunku	Course unit title: Administration					Course unit code:	
	Faculty / Department providing the course / module: Faculty of Law and Administration						
	Subject title: Electoral law						
	Mode and cycle of study: II degree/stationary			Profile of study: A		Specialty: all	
	Year / semester: 1/2			Course / module status facultative		Language of instruction: english	
	Format of instruction	lecture	workshop	laboratory	seminar	diploma seminar	other (specify)
	No. of hours		15				
Course / module coordinator		Radosław Zych, Ph.D					
Course instructor		Radosław Zych, Ph.D					
Course / module objectives		The aim of the classes in the electoral law is to present the historical context of the electoral law institutions forming the state system. As a part of course, students learn e.g. organization, responsibilities and relationships of individual electoral bodies that existed in different historical periods and guarantees of the essence and the basic institutions of Polish electoral law. The purpose of course is to enable the students to perceive the relationship between institutions of law currently in force, and those existing before, so obtain skills, social skills and knowledge appropriate for a lawyer. The classes will give students the opportunity to more fully understand the essence of the modern state and law. The aim is also to develop the students' ability to work independently intellectual and: the regularity, reliability and certainty needed in the legal work.					
Prerequisites		Knowledge of the universal history of regimes and state law.					
LEARNING OUTCOMES					Ref. to programme benchmark statements	Ref. to subject area benchmark statements	
Knowledge	1. Student has a thorough knowledge of the electoral administration. 2. Student knows the basic concepts and principles of electoral law. 3. Student has in-depth knowledge on how to prepare, conduct and determining the results of voting and about the verification of the election.						
Skills	4. Students can correctly interpret and explain the stages of the electoral process. 5. Students can use the symptoms of voting rights. 6. Student is able to perform the duties of members of electoral commission.						
Social competences	7. Student becomes conscious participant in the electoral process. 8. Student is prepared to actively participate in the conduct of the electoral campaign and the elections. 9. Student promotes knowledge about democracy and elections in an environment of origin.						
CONTENT						No. of hours	
Format of instruction							
1. Concept of the elections, electoral rights in terms of subjective and objective.						1	
2. Functions of the elections.						2	
3. Active and passive right to vote.						1	
4. Electoral administration.						2	
5. Rules of the electoral law and the guarantees.						3	
6. Organization of the elections, legal regulation of electoral campaign.						2	

7. Legal regulation of organization and conduct of the vote.	2
8. Legal aspects of determining the results of voting and electoral results.	1
9. Verification of the elections.	1

Modes of delivery	Lecture and multimedia presentation	
Assessment methods		No. of learning outcome from the syllabus
	Written exam. Practical (verification through observation).	1, 2, 3, 4,5,6,7,8,9
Grading criteria	Written exam in form of answers to the questions concerning the content of the lectures problem. Duration of the exam: 45 minutes. Each question is evaluated by one point. 10 points- correct answers to all the questions raised and the lack of factual errors. 9 points – one factual mistake. 8 points – two factual errors. 7 points – three factual errors. 6 points – four factual errors. 5 points – five factual errors. 0-4 – insufficient, 5 – sufficient, 6 -satisfactory plus, 7-8 - good, 9 – good plus, 10 – very good. On these principles takes place every exam.	
	Rules for calculating the grade from the subject	
	Rating exam is the evaluation of the subject in terms of the lecture.	
Basic reading	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Sokala A., Michalak B., Uziębło P. (2013), Leksykon prawa wyborczego i referendalnego oraz systemów wyborczych, Warszawa. Chmaj M., Skrzydło W. (2015), System wyborczy w Rzeczypospolitej Polskiej, Warszawa Zych R. (2017), The normative grounds and technical conditions of the secrecy of voting in Polish electoral law in the first years after the “Round Table”, “The Journal of Collegium Jagiellońskie Toruńska Szkoła Wyższa. Law and Administration in post-soviet Europe”, vol. 1 (2017), Toruń, s. 63-74. 	
Supplementary reading	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Gierach E., Chybalski P. (2009), Polish Constitutional Law: The Constitution and selected statutory materials, Warsaw. Kjerulf Dubrow J., Palaguta N. (2016), Towards electoral control in Central and Eastern Europe, Warsaw. Zych R., Prawa wyborcze obywateli Unii Europejskiej w Polsce (2011), (w:) M. Zubik, A. Paprocka, R. Puchta (red.), Konstytucja w dobie europejskich wyzwań, Warszawa, s. 69-83. Zych R., Protesty wyborcze i ich rozpoznawanie w wyborach do Sejmu i Senatu RP, (w:) J. Pakuła, A. Pikulik (red.), Iustitia est constans et perpetua voluntas ius suum cuique tribuendi, Toruń 2011, s. 129-143. Zych R. (2016), Istota i gwarancje zasady tajności głosowania w polskim prawie wyborczym, Toruń. Zych R. (2017), Nowelizacje polskich regulacji prawnych odnoszących się do elekcji (wybrane przykłady z lat 2003-2015), (w:) M. Nawrocki, M. Ryłsk (red.), Dynamika zmian w prawie, Warszawa, s. 200-212. Zych R., (2011), Problem odpowiedzialności prawnej za obietnice wyborcze, „Przegląd Prawa Konstytucyjnego”, nr 1, s. 127-142. 	
STUDENT WORKLOAD:		
		No. of hours
Contact hours	15	
Preparation for contact hours	10	
Private reading and studying	10	
Participation in tutorials	5	
Preparation of project / essay / etc.	0	
Preparation for test / exam	10	
Other	0	
TOTAL workload	50	
ECTS credits	2	

